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# DESCRIPTIVE CATALOG



TRADE MARK

# The Japanese Nursery Company

The most complete assortment
of
ORNAMENTAL TREES
in the South

ો) 1926 - 1927 ો)

Telegraph, Post Office and shipping point GENOA, TEXAS

Telephone Connection at Houston

# Terms and Conditions of Sale

PLEASE BE SURE TO READ BEFORE ORDERING

TERMS: Cash with order, or one-fourth with order for future delivery and balance payable before shipment, or upon delivery in case of customers in Houston or vicinity.

QUOTATIONS are f. o. b. Genoa, Texas, except to customers in Houston and enroute whom stock will be delivered free of charges, provided the amount of order exceeds \$2.00. These prices are subject to change without notice. They apply only when selection of stock according to the catalogue grading is left with us. In case individual plants are chosen by customers in the nursery, an additional 20 per cent over listed prices will be charged. On specimen plants on which we have established fixed prices, this rule does not obtain.

APPLYING PRICES AND GRADES: Ten-rate will be allowed on five, and hundred-rate on fifty, of one variety. Where the assortment consists of a few each of many varieties, this rule will not apply. Grading classification covers the sizes including the lower limit and under the higher limit. Thus, 2-3 feet means anything from 2 feet up to, but not including 3 feet.

SUBSTITUTION: When out of varieties or sizes ordered, we will substitute with others as nearly similar as possible in variety or size, or in both, unless instructed to the contrary.

SHIPMENT BY MAIL: This is not encouraged except for stock mailable in small bundles or packages. In ordering plants for mail shipment, please add at least 15 per cent of the list price, to cover postage. B. & B. trees are usually too heavy to be sent by mail.

ADVANCE ORDERS BOOKED: These will be held subject to purchaser's order until February 1 of the current season. Should they not be taken up by that time, or no special arrangement be made for holding them further than the time specified above, they may be considered cancelled at our option, and the amount paid will be forfeited as liquidated damages, or the balance of purchase money become due at once, and goods purchased will be held at the expense of the purchaser.

We shall exercise every reasonable care and precaution in taking care of the stock purchased or booked for future delivery and shall endeavor to deliver 't' in the best condition when wanted. But our liability shall not extend further than this, and we are not to be held liable for loss arising from causes beyond our control.

We have wholesale catalogues of roses, lining out stock, and general nursery stock, for those who are in the nursery business. Requests for these catalogues will please show that applicant is in the business.

TRANSPORTATION AT PURCHASER'S RISK AND EXPENSE: All transportation charges are to be paid by the purchaser, and our responsibility for goods sold ceases upon their delivery, in good order, to forwarding companies. Claims for loss or damage must be made upon the latter. We shall, however, gladly assist customers in securing as prompt delivery as possible, and in the case of delayed freight shipment we will start a tracer immediately upon request. Every means at our command will also be offered to our customers to recover damages or losses that may have happened to stock during the transit.

GUARANTEE: We guarantee every plant we offer to be true to name, but should any prove to be otherwise through error, we will always hold ourselves ready, upon proper proof, to either replace them with correct variety, or refund the amount paid. In no circumstances, however, will we be liable for a larger number of plants, or a higher amount of money, than was originally involved. Where planting is done by us for our patron under special arrangements, such service will always include a three months' guarantee for the successful living of the plants, and excepting the result of the acts of Providence or otherwise over which we have no control, we will replace and replant those that were lost with others of equal quality, when such loss occurred during the life of the guarantee, on condition, however, that customer will explicitly follow our instruction in the care of the plants after our setting them out—a care which no real plant-lover will ever stint.

CLAIMS: Any error that we may make will be gladly rectified by us. As prompt attention is necessary in these cases, our customers are requested to enter such claims within five days after the receipt of the goods.

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# FRUIT TREE DEPARTMENTS BERRY PLANTS

# BLACKBERRIES

MacDenald-A cross between Blackberry and Dewberry; a fine, Burbank's Thornless—One of the recent introductions.

DEWBERRIES-Rogers'-Season about April; one of the earliest hearers.

HAUPTBERRY—Bears very large, sweet, lust a cross between dewberry and blackberry. sweet, luscious berries, apparently

Prices for the above three varieties:

10	\$ 1.00	
100	5.00	
1000	30.00	

#### STRAWBERRY

Klondyke—The most popular strawberry for the Gulf Coast country. Missionary—One of the best berries in the southern states. Season about the same as above.

100	 00
500	 00
1,000	 0 (

# CITRUS FRUITS

# ORANGES

Satsuma—The hardiest orange known. D other stock than the Citrus Trifoliata. seedless. Season, October to December. Does not do well on any a. Tree is thornless; fruit

Louisiana Sweet—The well known round orange admirably adapted to the Coastal section. Its fruits have a peculiarly agreeable, Its fruits have a peculiarly agreeable, spicy flavor.

-A fine, round orange with acidity and sweetness well Non-Pareilblended.

# GRAPEFRUITS

Duncan—The finest grapefruit grown. The st variety introduced by Mr. Duncan of Florida. The standard commercial

Natsu-Mikan—The hardiest grapefruit known, of Japanese origin. Skin peels easily like kid glove orange. Meat is sweet.

#### LEMONS

Ponderosa-So-called American Wonder, Fruit very large, often weighing 3 to 4 pounds.

anama—A commercial lemon of fine quality. Good bearer well adapted to the Gulf Coast.

yers—The hardiest variety, intrduced by late Mr. Myers of the U. S. Department of Agriculture from China. It will stand the frost as well as the grapefruit and is a heavy bearer. The fruit is about the size of common lemon, but is superior in quality. Mvers

for Oranges, Grapefruit and Lemon. All of these are stocky, well-branched stock and must not be confused Prices for Oranges, vigorous. with single-stemmed, spindly plants: 73 1 677

		ien.
1½-2 ft. N. B	\$ .50	\$ 4.50
2-2½ ft. N. B	75	5.50
2½-3 ft. N: B.	1.00	7.50
3-3½ ft. N. B	1.25	10.00
First two grades in Satsumas only.		
B. & B. charges 10c to 25c per tree extra.		

Select specimens 3½ ft. and over \$1.50 to \$3.00 each. Larger quantities quoted on application.

#### KUMQUATS

Neiwa-Fruit is round, pulp sweet, size large. The best of all kumquats to eat raw and to preserve. Very prolific and hardy, and highly recommended.

Nagami-Oblong fruit. Rind is sweet with pleasant flavor. A fine

variety for marmalade and jeny.	
	Each. Ten.
12 to 15 in	
15 to 18 in	
18 to 24 in	
24 to 30 in	
B. & B., extra15c to	25c per tree
Above grades with fruits on, B. & B., each	75c to \$2.50

Choice specimen of 30 in. and above with fruits, B. & B. ,each ..... ....\$3.00 to \$5.00 Special price quoted on larger quantities.

# **DECIDUOUS FRUITS**

## APPLE

Becker—A summer apple, and one of the few varieties that succeed in Southwestern Texas. Originated in Colorado County. Very in Southwestern Texas. Originated in Colorado County. Very hardy and an abundant producer of excellent fruit. Color light red speckled with white.

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2-3	ft.									 									 		. 5	ŝ.	.50	0
3-4	ft.									 		 							 			٠.	.78	5
4-5	ft.									 									 			1.	.0	9

#### FIGS

Magnolia—The most popular fig planted by commercial growers in Texas. Vigorous and prolific. Excellent for preserving. Season, Texas. Vigorous and prolific. July to November.

Brown Turkey—Very hardy. Fruit medium to large; color copper brown; pulp pale amber. Fine quality. Season, July to October.

Brunswick-Large purplish-black fig. Fine table fruit. Good qual-Season, July to November.

Celeste—Sometimes called "Little Sugar Fig." Sweetest and earliest of all. Season, June and July.

Green Ischia—Fruits of medium size; flesh rosy-red. Very sweet when well matured. Tree a very vigorous grower.

	Each.	Ten.
1-1½ ft	\$ .25	\$2.00
1½-2 ft		
2 - 3 ft		
3 - 4 ft		
4 - 5 ft	60	5.50
Special prices quoted on larger quantities.		

# GRAPES

Carman-Berries large; color dark red. Hardy and unfailing bearer. Season, late August.

Concord-Blue-black. Good table variety. Season, July.

Black Spanish-A fine variety adapted to our section. Rather small black fruits with fine flavor. Season, July,

Herhemont--Brownish-red to nurnle. Medium in size. Season, Sentember.

Mcore's Early-Large, black, resembling Concord, but days ten earlier.

iagara—Large, whi Season, early July. Niagarawhite, market variety. Does well in our section.

R. W. Munson-Black fruits, medium to large. Skin never cracks open, therefore a good shipper. July to August.

cuppernong—A muscadine grape, native to the South. Well known for its jellies, preserves and juice. Four to six large berries make Scuppernonga cluster.

	Each.	Ten.
One year		
Two years	50	4.50

# JAPANESE PERSIMMONS

Hachiya-Almost seedless, very large and oblong. One of the largest and handsomest.

Tamopan-Fruit large to very large. Quality fine. A vigorous grower.

Tane-nashi-Seedless, large, early ripening and productive. One of the best. Each. Ten.

2-3 ft. .....\$ .50 \$4.50

s)
-The tree is very hardy, resembling Prickly Ash. JUJUBE (Zizyphus) Chinese Jujube-Fruit is choco Fruit is chocolate-colored, of apple-texture; can be eaten fresh, preserved or cured like dates. Ripens July to November.

2

#### MILLRERRIES

English—Large berries, color black; borne in April and May. serve also as shade trees.

	Eacn.	Ten.

For ornamental Weeping Mulberry, see under Ornamental trees.

#### PEACHES ON PLUM STOCK

Carman-Freestone. Large. Mid-June.

Honey-Freestone. Medium. White. Fine quality. Mid-June.

ewell—Freestone. Medium to large. Specially adapted to the Gulf Coast. June and July. Jewell-Freestone.

Japan Dwarf Blood-Freestone. Tree dwarfish. Flesh partly red. Late May.

Pallas-Freestone. Medium, white. Season, Mid-June.

Each. \$4.50 .75 to 1.00 a Garber-Vigorous grower. Fruit large and firm. Season, August.

Keiffer-Fruit large. Well adapted to the South. Fine for preserving. September and October.

hinese Sand Pear—Large. A good bearer and practically immune from pear blight. Extensively planted all over Gulf Coast States. Chinese Sand Pear-Large.

3-4	ft.													 				 			. \$	.50	\$4.50
4-5	ft.						٠,															.65	6.00
5-6	ft.	٠	٠	٠										 								.75	7.00

PLUMS on Plum Stock

Burbank—Large to very large. Cling. Quality one of the best. Season, June 1st to 15th. Excelsior—Large purplish-red. Annual bearer everywhere. One of

the best for the South. Season, June to July.

Quality very fine. -Large. Annual bearer. Season June 5th to 20th.

Nona-Large, bright red. High quality, good bearer. 15th to 25th.

Purpleleaf Plum—See under ornamental department.

Each. Ten. .....\$ .50 \$4.50 65 ..... Each .85 to 1.25

# POMEGRANATES

Wonderful-Large, handsome and desirable variety with very fine

Spanish Ruby-Also known as "Purple Seeded." Large bright colored fruit with deep crimson pulp. The best of sub-acid varieties.

3-4 ft. .....\$ .50 4-5 ft.

# **NUT TREES**

#### PECANS

Schley-Nuts 11/2 to 11/8 inches long. Flavor rich; quality best. Stuart-Large, 11/4 to 2 inches long. Heavy bearer; one of the most widely planted.

Success-A good grower and regular bearer of large nuts.

	Each.	Ten.
2-3 ft	.\$ .90	\$ 8.00
3-4 ft		9.00
4-5 ft		11.00
5-6 ft		12.50
6-7 ft		15.00
7 ft. up	2.25	2 <b>0</b> .00
Prices of larger sizes on application.		

#### WALNUTS

American Black Walnuts (Juglans nigra)—The nuts, though thick-shelled, are rich, oily and sweet. The tree is of high ornamental value.

Japan Walnuts—Shell hard. Meat rich, oily and toothsome. Thrives best on well drained, dry soil.
Each. 1-2 ft. \$ .40
2-3 ft
TROPICAL AND SUB-TROPICAL
FRUITS
BANANA
Succeeds best on rather moist and rich soil, where it will prove to be a very rapid grower and of much decorative value.  Each.
Small sucker \$ .40 Medium sucker .60
GUAVAS
Strawherry Guava (Psidium Cattleianum)—A fine, glossy-leaved shrub, producing an abundance of luscious fruits of deep claret-red, 1 to 1½ inches in diameter, with soft, juicy pulp of strawberry flavor.
Each.           3-3½ ft. fine specimen, B. & B.         \$1.50           3½-4 ft. fine specimen, B. & B.         2.00           4 ft. up fine specimen, B. & B.         2.50           Pineapple Guava—See under Evergreen department.
LOQUATS
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
Seedling Loquat—Some of these plants produce fruits of fine quality. It also is very ornamental, with sweet-scented flowers borne in fall or winter.
4 ft. and up, B. & B
MISSION OLIVE—The celebrated standard variety in California. A heavy producer under favorable condition. The very handsome, upright grownig tree itself is of high ornamental value.
Each. 1-1½ ft
ORNAMENTAL DEPARTMENT
EVERGREEN TREES AND SHRUBS
ABELIA (Abelia)
Abelia Grandiflora (Glossy Abelia)—One of the prettiest of shrubs, with glossy green and brown foliage; bears countless, small, fragrant flowers of light rose color all through summer.
Each   Ten.   12-18 inches N.B.   \$.350   \$3.00   18-24 inches N.B.   5.00   4.50   24-30 inches N.B.   5.00   5.50   5
ARBORVITAE (Thuja)
Thuja Orientalis (Oriental, or Chinese Arborvitae)—A tall-growing arborvitae, with light green foliage. Beside being ornamental, it is valuable for hedge or windbreak.
Per Foot. 1-5 ft
6-8 ft

Large sheared specimens on application.

T. Orientalis Compacta (Siebold Arborvitae)—Compact and bushy form of arborvitae of very dark green foliage.
Per Foot. 1-4 ft
T. Orientalis Pyramidalis (Oriental Pyramidal Arborvitae)—A compact, well-formed, pyramidal type of arborvitae of deep green color.  Per Foot.
1-4 ft. B. & B
Rosedale Arborvitae—Foliage, soft, full and feathery; color pale grayish green changing to purple hue in winter.  Per Foot.
4 ft. up B. & B
T. Orientalis Aurea Nana (Berckman's Golden Arborvitae)—Pure strain of the true Berckman's; compact; and bushy in form. Its deep, rich tone of gold is unsurpased by any other arborvitae. Grows to 6 to 8 feet.
Per Foot. 1-4 fk. B. & B
T. Orientalis Aurea Conspicua (Goldspire Arborvitae)—A slender and pointed shaft of bright golden color. Ideal where a vivid touch of color is desired.
1-5 ft. B. & B
6-9 ft. B. & B. 1.00
Bonita Arborvitae—The most perfect globe-shaped arborvitae ever introduced. Color beautiful green. Ultimate height, 4 to 5 feet. Per Foot.
1-3 ft. B. & B
T. Texana Glauca (Texas Blue Arborvitae)—A new introduction; of soft, graceful, blue foliage, vigorous and upright.  Per Foot.
1-2 ft. & 7-9 ft. B. & B
T. Orientalis Meldensis—A handsome arborvitae of medium size; compact, full and symmetrical. Its soft, bluish-green leaves are of striking beauty.
Per Foot 1-2½ ft. B. & B
Ramsey's Hybrid Arborvitae—A type very distinctive for its rather loose but gracefully waving, beautiful light green foliage.
Per Foot.
6-9 ft. B. & B
T. Beverleyensis—"Golden Columnar Arborvitae. 15 to 20 feet. The tallest and stateliest of the Chinese Arborvitaes. Grows into a narrow column of golden green foliage. Particularly fine for specimen planting or for pairing on either side of a doorway. A very fine conifer.
Per Foot. 1-3 ft. B. & B
4-6 ft. B. & B
T. Elegantissima—"Golden pyramidal Arborvitae." 12-15 feet. Broad and bushy at base, ascending to a sharp point at the top. The green foliage is tipped with an attractive golden bronze during most of the year, becoming bright green in the spring. A rare and fine plant.
Per Foot. 1-2½ ft\$1.00
T. Aurea—"Golden Arborvitae." 6 to 8 feet. Is neither dwarf like the Berckman's or as tall as the Elegantissima, but fills the gap between the two. Maintains its yellowish color all the year. A fine compact type.
Each. \$1.75 2-2 1/2 ft. \$1.75 2 1/2-3 ft. \$2.25
AUCUBA (Aucuba)  Aucuba Japonica Variegata (Golddust Aucuba)—Medium-sized evergreen shrub with large, dark green leaves dotted with goledn yellow spots.
Each.
In 5-in. pot

# BAY (Persea)

Persea Borbonia or P. Carolinensis (Native Sweet Bay, Red Bay, or Bull Bay)—A handsome evergreen tree with long-pointed, shiny, green, aromatic leaves; a native as far north as North Carolina. Per Foot.

Prices on larger speciments on application.

#### BOTTLEBRUSH (Callistemon)

allistemon Speciosa (Showy Bottlebrush)—The beauty of this plant lies in its long, bright red anthers forming a cylinder, much re-sembling a bottle brush in shape. Hardy and rapid grower; Callistemon Speciosa adapted to almost any soil.

Prices on larger specimen from open field on application.

## BOX or BOXWOOD (Buxus)

B. Sempervirens (Common Box)—A dense-growing, compact, symmetrical, bushy tree with glossy, green leaves. When trimmed, is unsurpassed as specimen plant for porch or lawn decoration.

Each Ten Hundred 5-7 in. .....\$ .25 \$2.00 \$17.50

B. Sempervirens Suffruticosa—Dwarf-Box. Formal shrub of dense low growth. When trimmed they make unsurpassed specimen plants for porch or lawn decoration. Each Ten Hundred

.....\$ .25 \$2.00 \$17.50 4-6 in.

# CAMELLIA JAPONICA

Its handsome waxy flowers sparkling from among the lustrous, deep green foliage is a sight familiar to plant-lovers. Ours are the choicest plants grown from cuttings with extreme care, offered in Double Red and Double Variegated.

# CAMPHOR TREE (Cinnamomum Camphora)

This is one of the finest, broad-leaved evergreen trees for South Texas. A rapid grower ,well adapted for general planting, as shade, avenue or specimen tree, and even as hedges and wind-breaks. Trained both in standard tree form, and bush form. We advise moving them balled and burlapped, but bare-rooted shipadvise moving them balled and burlapped, but bare-rooted shi ment is possible when tree is in perfectly dormant condition. In ordering specify whether standard or bush form is desired.

# CAPE JASMINE (Gardenia)

Gardenia Grandiflora (Cape Jasmine)—A dense growing bush with beautiful, glossy, dark green leaves, bearing the familiar waxy, white flowers with wonderful fragrance from May to June.

Each.

1-1½ ft. 1½-2 ft. 

- G. Radicans (Dwarf Creeping Cape Jasmine)—A beautiful, compact, spreading shrub, much similar to above, but produces masses of pure white blossoms smaller in size. Has pointed leaves about ¼ in. wide by 1 in. long. Rarely grows taller than one foot, but spreads three feet or more in diameter. Makes fine border plant and almost indispensable for rockery in the South. Blooms all thru the springers are supposed. thru the spring and summer.
- G. Stricta Nana (Dwarf Cape Jasmine)—Rather similar to G. Grandiflora, except its habit being more upright and leaves are small as the above but not so pointed. Does not grow taller than two feet Very symmetrical. Desirable for low borders or formal gardens. Better than boxwood for which it may be substituted, being a fast grower and bearing very fragrant flowers besides. Prices of the above two:

Each. Ten. 6-8 in. spread .\$.50 \$ 4.00 8-10 in. spread .60 5.00 

 8-10 in, spread
 \$ 50

 10-12 in, spread
 60

 12-15 in, spread
 .75

 5.00 6.50 8.50

The two varieties listed above can be furnished grafted on common gardenia and trained in standard shape just as boxwood or some imported azaleas are trained. They make good subjects for porch decoration in pots or in formal gardens. Fifteen to twenty-four inches high. Prices of trained specimens as follows:

15-18 in. spread

18-24 in. spread 24-28 in. spread

CEDARS (Cedrus)

CO

C

F

very berries.

Diameter of tops 10-12 in. Diameter of tops 12-15 in. Diameter of tops 15-18 in.

Diameter of tops 18-21 in. Diameter of tops 21-24 in.

Diameter of tops 24-28 in.

1.25 1.75 2.25

......\$2.50

10.00

15.00

20.00

 $\frac{3.50}{4.50}$ 

 $5.50 \\ 6.50$ 

7.50

EDARS (Cedrus)
Cedrus Deodara (Deodar, Indian Cedar)—A magnificent and graceful conifer of pyramidal growth introduced from the Himalayas. One of the most beautiful trees for lawn, with its delicately drooping, light green foliage. Thrives best on well drained soil.  Per Foot.
2-4 ft. B. & B
Prices of larger specimens on application.
C. Atlantica (Atlas Cedar)—A stately tree much the same type as above, except the foliage is darker green, shorter and stiffer. While this is a slower grower than the above, it stands both heat and cold better and is unsurpassed in its stately grandeur. Attains moderate height of 15 to 20 feet.
Per Foot.
2-4 ft
OTONEASTER PANNOSA (Silverleaf Cotoneaster)—A dwarf shrub having oblong ,grayish green, velvety leaves; flowers are white, followed by beautiful searlet berries. Hardy and well adapted all over Texas.
Each.
12-15 in. well branched B. & B.       \$ .75         15-18 in. well branched B. & B.       1.00         18-24 in. well branched B. & B.       1.25         2-2½ ft. well branched B. & B.       1.50         2½-3 ft. well branched B. & B.       1.75
YPRESS (Cuppressus)
Cuppressus Sempervirens (Italian Cypress)—A tall growing, slender tree with erect branches, the whole making a pillar of green. Graceful and stately. Our stock is of true, narrow type.  Per Foot.
2-6 ft. B. & B
Prices on larger specimen on application.  We have especially fine type of above grown from cuttings, all in unusually uniform column-like shape, for which we charge, per foot
C. Horizontalis (Horizontal Cypress)—A tree similar to the above but branching out almost horizontally or broadly upright. Very vigorous grower. In proper position it makes a singularly fine specimen. Price same as Italian Cypress.
C. Arizonica (Arizona Cypress)—A remarkably attractive, narrow pyramidal type of cypress with bluish-green foliage. Native of mountains of Arizona. Suitable to hot and dry sections but not adapted to humid regions of low altitude. It is extremely hard to transplant.
2-4 ft. B. & B
C. Lusitanica (Portuguese Cypress)—A beautiful, tall growing tree with spreading branches and drooping branchlets, foliaged in a striking tone of grayish-green peculiar to this specie. Does not contract the burnt appearance common to the Arizona Cypress. It is far superior in color as well as in form and is well adapted to our humid climate.  4-6 ft. B. & B
CLAEAGNUS (Elaeagnus)
Elaeagnus Pungens Argentea Variegata—Erect shrub with whitish variegated leaves; flowers yellow-tinted, very fragrant; bears silvery berries

E. Pungens (Evergreen Elaeagnus)-A beautiful shrub. Leaves very

Price of either variety:

12-15 in. spread B. & B. 15-18 in. spread B. & B. 18-24 in. spread B. & B. 24-30 in. spread B. & B. 30-36 in. spread B. & B.

EUGENIA (Eugenia)

med into a hedge.

Trained to pyramidal shape.

dark green above, silvery beneath, with curled margin. Flowers are creamy-white and sweet-scented, produced as early as January in great abundance.

Eugenia Myrtifolia (Australian Brush Cherry)—A tall shrub of compact but luxuriant growth; leaves glossy green, pinkish when young. Flowers creamy-white, followed by edible, violet-colored berries. Useful as specimen in tub or on lawn; can also be trim-

.....\$ .50 

Each.

1.00 1.50 2.00

A good sub-

3-4½ ft. B. & B
EUONYMUS (Euonymus)
Euonymus Japonica (Evergreen Burning Bush)—A handsome evergreen, compact and erect. Leaves glossy dark green throughout the year. Very useful either as single specimen, in mass, or as hedge. It can be trimmed into different forms.  Each. Ten.
18-24 in. well branched       \$.50       \$4.50         24-30 in. well branched       .75       7.00         30-36 in. well branched       1.00       9.00
E. Japonica Viridivariegata (Duc d'Anjou Burningbush)—Leaves are dark green with pale yellow blotches in the center; very attractive; a strong grower, free from fungus disease.  Each.
8-12 in. \$.40 12-15 in. \$.50 15-18 in. \$.60 18-36 in. Per foot .50
GUAVA
Pineapple Guava (Feijoa Sellowiana)—Grows to a height of about 10 feet. If pruned, it forms a striking, compact shrub. The leaves are glossy-green with smooth, velvety growth beneath. Flowers are conspicuous and attractive. The taste of the fruits reminds one of pineapple and guava combined. Hardy and easy of culture.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
GUAVA (Psidium)
See under Fruit Trees.
FIRETHORN (Pyracantha or Crataegus)—Evergreen Hawthorn  Pyracantha Yunnanensis—A more vigorous growing and larger- leaved variety than other hawthorns; its dark green leaves and mass of red berries present a very striking aspect in fall and winter.
P. Coccinia Lalandi (Laland Firethorn)—Of spreading habit; with rich, dark, glossy green leaves. Bears clusters of white blooms in the spring followed by abundance of orange-golden berries in the fall, which stay on all winter.
P. Angustifolia. 6-10 ft., growth spreading, leaves long and narrow, berries orange yellow in abundance. Prices of these three kinds:
12-15 in. B. & B. \$50 15-18 in. B. & B75 2 ½-3 ft. B. & B. 1.50 3-3½ ft. B. & B. 2.00

THE JAPANESE NURSERY COMPANY HEATH (Erica Carnea) A low growing shrub with numerous short erect branches, bearing a mass of bright rosy blooms all through the spring. Very hardy, resisting both heat and cold. Makes fine low hedge. E. Mediterranea (Mediterranean Heath)—Four feet at maturity. A compact bushy plant with stiff stems. Very hardy. Has purplish pink flowers in late spring from March to June. Easier to grow than most heathers. Prices of both varieties: 

 6-8
 in. spread
 B. & B.
 \$ .50

 8-10
 in. spread
 B. & B.
 .65

 10-12
 in. spread
 B. & B.
 .75

 12-15
 in. spread
 B. & B.
 .125

 HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS (Chinese Hibiscus) Well-known tall growing shrub with large, bright green well-known tail growing surub with large, bright green leaves and gorgeous flowers of many, pleasing colors. We carry them in Double Pink, Double Red, Single Red, Single Pink, Single Salmon, Double Peachblow, etc. During winter, they can be supplied only in pots. 

 3 in. pot
 \$ .40

 4 in. pot
 .50

 5 in. pot
 .75

 6 in. pot
 1.00

 7-10 in. pot
 \$1.25 to \$2.00

 HOLLY (Ilex) Ilex Aquifolium (English Holly)—A tall growing tree with short, spreading branches forming a shapely pyramidal head; leaves dark shining green with strong teeth; bears berries of beautiful scarlet. Cornuta (Chinese Holly)—Shrubby in habit; branches apreading; foliage of glosy green; bears clusters of scarlet berries. Very unique ornamental tree. Very hardy, resists both heat and cold. Newly introduced by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. I. Cornuta 

 2-2½ ft. B. & B.
 \$1.75

 2½ ft. B. & B.
 2.50

 3-4 ft. B. & B.
 4.00

 I. Opaca (Christmas Holly) -A native evergreen requiring no description. Per foot 3-5 ft. B. & B. 5-7 ft. B. & B. 75 JASMINE (Jasminum) Jasminum Floridum—A new and hardy Jasmine from Japan. a vir-orous and upright but flexuous shrub with rather small, dark green foliage and golden yellow star-shaped flowers half an inch in diameter, blooming in spring, summer, and late in fall until frost, Perfectly hardy as far north as Washington, D. C. Easy of culture and cannot be too highly recommended for mass planting. Each Ten Hundred .40 3.50 30.00

J. Nudiflorum (Winter Jasmine) - This variety sheds all its leaves in

J. Humile (Italian Jasmine)—A hardy, dark green shrub; flowers bright yellow and fragrant. Stands in open as far north as Mary-land. This is usually known as J. Revolutum and is commonly planted in glass houses in the North.

.50

.65

4.00

5.00 1.00 to 1.50

35.00 45.00

autumn and produces waxy yellow flowers in winter. Semiclimber.

						J.	Lacn
18-24	in.	well	branched	N.	B.		.35
24-30	in.	well	branched	N.	В.		.50

J. Primulinum (Primrose, or Chinese Yellow Jasmine)—A rambling evergreen shrub with arching branches, bearing small, dark green leaves; produces a profusion of bright, yellow flowers. Semi-climber. Culture easy. Fine for window boxes or mass planting.
2-2½ ft. bushy N. B
J. Undulatum—Another semi-climber. Branches hairy ;leaves small and velvety on under side; bears long-tubed, white flowers.  3 in. pot
J. Sambac (Grand Duke of Tuscany)—Semi-climbing shrub with heart-shaped, glossy green foliage and very fragrant, large double white flowers.
4-6 in. from pot \$.35 6-8 in. from pot
(Maid of Orleans)—Similar to above, but either single or semi-double-flowered, blooming profusely in summer.
8-12 in.         \$ 30           12-15 in.         40           15-24 in.         50
Trachelospernum Jasminoides (Confederate Jasmine)—A vigorous climber with small, thick leathery leaves of dark green, and abundance of pure white, fragrant flowers in spring. Also called Star Jamine. Formerly called Rhynchospermum.
Gelseminum Sempervirens (Carolina Yellow Jasmine)—A vigorous, woody, evergreen vine of glossy green leaves, bearing a profusion of bright yellow flowers of exquisite fragrance during winter months. Prices of the above two:  Each Ten
1-1½ ft. field grown N. B. \$35 \$3.00 1½-2 ft. field grown N. B. 50 4.50 2-3 ft. field grown N. B60 5.00 3-4 ft. field grown N. B75 6.50
Cestrum Diurnum (Day Blooming Jasmine)—A large, quick-growing, upright shrub, producing abundance of small, tubular, white flowers at intervals, throughout the year. Desirable for seaside planting.  1 year plant
JUNIPERS (Juniperus)  The Junipers are one of the most important and effective of all plants for landscape work. Our collection of these plants is very extensive, and affords our patrons a very wide range of selection. The Junipers are distinguished for showing two kinds of leaves on the same tree, those that are needle-shaped and those that are reale-like.
J. Chinensis Albo-Variegata (Whiteleaf Chinese Juniper or Variegated Chinese Juniper)—A very compact and upright growing form of Juniper. Its bluish-green foliage is profusely tipped with creamy-white variegation. Ultimate height, about 4 feet. The variety we offer is by far superior to the kind commonly offered by the trade under this name, which shows the white variegation in only a very indistinct degree, being hardly noticeable. Ours is so far improved by constant selection of graftwood that it appears almost a different variety on account of the clearness and beauty of the variegations.
12-15 in. B. & B.     \$1,50       15-18 in. B. & B.     2,00       1½-2 ft. B. & B.     2,50       2-2½ ft. B. & B.     3,50       2½-3 ft. B. & B.     3,50       3-3½ ft. B. & B.     4,50       3-3½ ft. B. & B.     6,00
J. Chinensis Pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper)—A new variety of very graceful habit; rather low in form with spreading branches. A juniper that thrives in the hot climate of the South and still stands cold northern winters without injury. Practically immune from plant pests of all kinds. Ultimate height 8 feet.
12-15 in. spread B. & B.     \$1.25       15-18 in. spread B. & B.     1.50       1½-2 ft. spread B. & B.     2.00       2-2¼ ft. spread B. & B.     2.75       ½½-3 ft. spread B. & B.     3.50       3-4 ft. spread B. & B.     5.00

J. Communis Depressa (Prostrate Juniper)—A dwarf juniper rarely exceeding two feet in height but sometimes spreading 15 feet or more in diameter. Foliage grayish green. Also called J. Canadensis.  Per foot
2-4 ft. spread\$1.25
J. Communis Hibernica (Irish Juniper)—Of columnar shape. Foliage glaucous green. Grows to 8 feet in height and not more than one and a half feet in diameter. Each
12-15 in. B. & B
J. Communis Depressa Aurea (Golden Prostrate Juniper)—A dwarf Juniper similar to J. Communis Depressa, but leaves become intensely yellow during summer.
8-10 in. spread B. & B Each \$ .75 3-4 ft. spread B. & B
J. Excelsa Stricta (Spiny Greek Juniper)—Decidedly conical in form, with dense growth of light green, upright foliage. A distinct specie of great beauty.
Each 8-10 in. B. & B
10-15 in. B. & B
15-18 in. B. & B
2-2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ft. B. & B
3-3½ ft. B. & B
3½-4 ft. B. & B
per .etc.)—Growth unique, entirely distinct, upright with twisted spreading branches from ground up, making beautiful specimen tree in a lawn or formal garden. Very hardy and easy of culture.
8-3½ ft. B. & B
3½-4 ft. B. & B.       5.00         4-4½ ft. B. & B.       6.00         4½-5 ft. B. & B.       7.00
Prices of larger specimens will be quoted on application.
J. Horizontalis Douglassi (Formerly Waukegan Juniper)—Very interesting new creeping juniper. Low and compact, making a dense mat. Silvery blue in summer like blue cedar, changing to a rich coppery purple in winter. It grows very close to the ground and spreads ten feet or more. Hardy and easy of culture.
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teresting new creeping juniper. Low and compact, making a dense mat. Silvery blue in summer like blue cedar, changing to a rich coppery purple in winter. It grows very close to the ground and spreads ten feet or more. Hardy and easy of culture.  Each  8-10 in. \$.75 10-12 in. 1.25 3-4 ft. 3.75  J. Sabina (Savin Juniper)—A low growing Juniper with full, radiating branches of bright green foliage. Very useful for rock gar-
teresting new creeping juniper. Low and compact, making a dense mat. Silvery Blue in summer like blue cedar, changing to a rich coppery purple in winter. It grows very close to the ground and spreads ten feet or more. Hardy and easy of culture.  Each  8-10 in
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dense mat. Silvery Blue in summer like blue cedar, changing to a rich coppery purple in winter. It grows very close to the ground and spreads ten feet or more. Hardy and easy of culture.  Bach  8-10 in. B.75 10-12 in. 1.25 3-4 ft. 1.25 3-4 ft. 1.25 3-4 ft. 1.25 3-4 ft. 1.25 3-5 Ht. spread, B. & B. Per foot spread \$1.25  J. Sabina (Savin Juniper)—A low growing Juniper with full, radiating branches of bright green foliage. Very useful for rock garden, also for border.  1½-4 ft. spread, B. & B. Per foot spread \$1.25  J. Sabina Cupressifolia (Cypress Savin Juniper)—A semi-spreading type of Savin Juniper of great beauty, well adapted to our climate. 1-3 ft. spread, B. & B. Per foot spread \$1.00  J. Tamaricifolia (Tamarix Savin Juniper)—An excellent, dwarf, creeping variety; average height about 2 feet with a spread of 6 to 8 feet, when fully grown. Forms a dense, compact mat of graygreen leaves.  1-4 ft. spread, B. & B. Per foot spread \$1.00  J. Virginiana (Red Cedar)—Well known evergreen tree. native to this continent. Our stock is especially hardy Platte River type, useful for large landscape, wind breaks, etc.  Per foot 3-5 ft. B. & B. \$ .50 5-7 frices of fine large specimens on application.
teresting new creeping juniper. Low and compact, making a dense mat. Silvery blue in summer like blue cedar, changing to a rich coppery purple in winter. It grows very close to the ground and spreads ten feet or more. Hardy and easy of culture.  Each  8-10 in.

J. Virginiana Glauca (Silver Reeves Juniper, Blue Cedar)—A stately spreading Juniper of extremely beautiful, light green color with silvery sheen. One of the most admired types in this section, and deservedly well adapted.

Golden English Juniper-Of dense upright growth, with light yellow relies upright growth, with light yellow foliage, the color intensified when making new growth in spring; very desirable in mass planting. 

J. Japonica Procumbens (J. Chinensis Procumbens, J. Procumbens, or Japanese Creeping Juniper)—"This is the best known of the prostrate Junipers which Japan has sent to the gardens of the West. It is a plant with wide spreading procumbent stems. Bluegreen, sharply pointed leaves marked on the upper surface by two white lines. It is perfectly hardy." This variety can be used in almost any planting for beds, low borders, terraces, hillsides or rock gardens.

1-2 ft. B. & B. 2-4 ft. B. & B. 4-6 ft. B. & B. 6-8 ft. B. & B.

or rock gardens.

\$1.25 1.50

1.75

10-12 in. spread B. & B.       \$1.25         12-15 in. spread B. & B.       1.75         18-24 in. spread B. & B.       2.25         2-3 ft. spread B. & B.       3.00         3-4 ft. spread B. & B.       4.00         4-4½ ft. spread B. & B.       5.00
J. Chinensis Albo-variegata Prostrata (Creeping Whiteleaf Chinese Juniper)—As to formation of leaves this one resembles the Whiteleaf Juniper but it creeps like the preceding one. Promises to be very satisfactory in those sections where the upright variety thrives. New and very rare.
Each       Each         12-15 in. spread B. & B.       \$2.00         15-18 in. spread B. & B.       2.50
J. Virginiana Cannarti (Cannarti Red Cedar)—Narrow upright grower reaching 15 to 20 feet in height. Has rich dark green foliage. Very satisfactory plant. Does well in this section. Per foot
3-5 ft
LAUREL (Laurus)
Laurus Carolinensis-See under Wild Peach.
L. Nobilis (Apollo's Laurel or Greek Laurel)—A tree well adapted to be set out in a tub, trimmed in different shapes; also useful in formal garden planting. The leaves are very aromatic and are used as a spice for culinary purposes.  Each
Clump of 6-8 canes B. & B
L. Tinus—See under Viburnum Tinus.
LIGUSTRUM or PRIVET (Ligustrum)
This is another group of plants so useful and valuable for land- scape work in greater part of the Coastal section, and far into interior. Very few broad-leaved evergreen trees give the immed- iate effect and lasting satisfaction that Ligustrums offer. We have a long list of these plants suitable for divers requirements.
L. Amurense (Amur River Privet, north)—This is the true Amur River Privet. Upright branches resembling California Privet. Partially deciduous. Hardy.
L. Japonicum (Japan Privet)—One of the easily grown varieties of scribe it. Offered in standard and bush forms.  Partly branched seedlings, transplanted:
Ten Hundred 12-18 in. \$ .75 \$5.00 18-24 in. 1.00 7.50x

SPECIMEN TREES
### Per foot  3-4 ft. very bushy per foot
formal gardens. Also used in tubs as substitute for standard bay tree.
5-6 ft. tops B. & B. \$1.25 6-7 ft. tops B. & B. 2.00 7-8 ft. tops B. & B. 3.00 8-9 ft. tops B. & B. 4.00x
For larger quantities than five of a kind and for bare rooted trees which may often be successfully transplanted, prices will be quoted on application.
L. Chinensis (Amur River Privet, south; also known as L. Amurense)—The most commonly used hedge privet in the South. Ours is well branched and bushy stock and should not be confused with the single stemmed plants taken from so-called seed beas. Price of Ligustrum Chinensis for hedge:  Ten Hundred
2-3 ft. well branched \$1.00 \$ 7.00 3-4 ft. well branched \$1.50 10.00 4-5 ft. well chanched 2.00 15.00
Seedlings partly branched:
12-18 in
Specimens for planting wide apart between larger trees. They are fully developed to make well formed plants.
Each Ten
3-4 ft. B. & B
Specimens sheared to standard shape:
1-3 ft. in diameter
L. Chinensis Nana—A new and very compact, dwarfish form of Ligustrum Chinensis suitable for either lawn or hedge. This is a decided improvement over the preceding variety in that its leaves are smaller and it is more compact and graceful in form. Foliage is of a darker green.
Ten Hundred
2-2½ ft. transplanted bushy \$1.25 \$8.50 2½-3 ft. transplanted bushy 1.50 11.00 3-4 ft. transplanted bushy 1.75 12.50 4-5 ft. transplanted bushy 2.25 17.50
Specimen trees of good form:
Each Ten  3-4 ft. B. & B
L. Chinensis Nana Aurea-variegata—A gratfed stock which produces beautiful golden variegated leaves. Other characteristics the same as the preceding variety.
Each 2-3 ft. \$.60 3-4 ft
L. Ciliatum Variegatum (Bright Fruited Privet)—Of dwarfish growth. Leaves dark green on edge, blotched light green in center.
Flowers glossy white.
15-18 in. B. & B.       \$ .75       \$ 6.00         18-24 in B. & B.       1.00       8.50         4-4½ ft. specimen       2.75
L. Ibolium—Cross between L. Ibota and L. Amurense. Deciduous in
the North. Hardy. Ten Hundred
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

. Japonicum (Japan Privet)—One of the easily grown varieties of Privet. It is so extensively used that we deem it hardly necessary to describe it. Transplanted seedings:

12-18 in. \$ .75 \$5.00 18-24 in. \$ 1.00 7.50

L. Japonicum Tricolor (L. Excelsum Superbum, or Tricolor Privet)
—The leaves of this privet have yellow and pink variegations especially on the new growth in the spring. In other particulars similar to Ligustrum Japonicum.

.....\$ .75

Bush form, very bushy:

Bay trees.

1-1½ ft. B. & B. 1½-2 ft. B. & B. 2-2½ ft. B. & B. 2½-3 ft. B. & B. 3-4 ft. B. & B. Ten Hundred

Per foot

Each

1.00

L. Lodense (L. Nanum Compactum)—This is a new dwarf and distinct form of privet of low compact growing habit. The foliage is dark green in summer changing to coppery purple after frost. Hardy and easy of culture. It is useful for low hedges and borders.
Ten Hun- Thou- dred sand
5-8 in. transplanted       \$.50       \$4.50       \$40.00         12-15 in. well branched       1.25       10.00       90.00         15-18 in. wel lbranched       2.00       15.00
L. Lucidum Compactum (Variously called by the trade, Ligustrum Lucidum, Wax Ligustrum, Glossy Ligustrum, Griffing's Wax Ligustrum, etc.)—It seems that there is much confusion as to the proper name for this variety, but we are inclined to think that Ligustrum Nepalence is the correct name. It is the handsomest privet ever introuced. A vigorous grower of easy culture, with dark green lustrous or waxy leaves. Compact and dwarfish in form, reaching height of about six feet, and almost an equal distance in spread. Indispensable for landscape work in the South as foundation planting, and for individual specimens. Hardy as far north as Baltimore, Md.
Each Ten
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Prices of larger specimens on application.
We have this variety grafted and trained in standard form like a "tree rose" for lawn or pot.
Height Diameter of top Per pair
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
L. Nepalence Cordifolium—A rare form of L. Lucidum with heart shaped, waxy and extremely dark green leaves. Dwarfish and spreading in form.
Each         12-15 in. B. & B.       \$ .75         15-18 in. B. & B.       1.00         18-24 in. B. & B.       1.25
14

L. Nepalence Pyramidalis—Similar to L. Lucidum Compactum in general character but the plant is more upright and pyramidal in outline. Well branched and in good form.

	Each Ten
2½-3 ft. B. & B	1.25 10.00 1.75 15.00 2.75 25.00

- L. Nepalence Salicifolia (Willow Leaved Wax Ligustrum)—This is also a horticultural variety of L. Nepalence. Growth is tall but branches are slender and inclined to drop over. The leaves are narrow, pointed, and thinner than those of other varieties, making a very graceful shrub. Fine for background against a wall.
- L. Nepalence Repandum (Waxy Leaved Wax Ligustrum)—A horticultural variety of Ligustrum Nepalence or wax ligustrum, having wavy, recurved or crinkly leaves. In other particulars it is similar to the preceding kind. Prices of these two:

			Each	
2-2½ ft.	B. &	В.	\$1.00	\$ 8.50
			1.75	

Prices of larger specimens on application.

L. Ovalifolium (California Privet)—A slender upright form of privet used extensively for hedge in the North. Especially recommended for seaside planting.
Ten Hundred

1½-2 ft. well branched\$ .65	
2-3 ft. well branched	
3-4 ft. well branched 1.00	8.00
Prices of larger specimens on application.	

- L. Ovalifolium Aurea-marginatum—A yellow margined California Privet. A very distinct shrub, and effective either in mass or as a specimen.
- L. Ovalifolium Argentea-marginatum—A silver variegated variety similar to the above, differing only in that the variegation is silver white.

 Prices of these two: Bushy specimens:

 3-4 ft. B. & B.
 \$1.00

 4-5 ft. B. & B.
 1.50

L. Quihoui (Quihoui or Chinese Privet)—A Chinese ligustrum of fall blooming habit. Small, glossy, dark green leaves and oddly spreading branches. Suitable for mass planting. Bushy.

					Each	ren
$3-3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	В.	&	В.		6.50
31/2-4	ft.	В.	&	В.		8.00
•						

L. Reevesi—A new dwarf variety, fine for sheared forms or for low hedges. The leaves are small and wavy. Form compact. Is not strictly evergreen here except in mild winters.

3	

L. Macrophyllum—A grafted variety similar to Japan Privet. Has very distinctive, large leaves, which are thick and very lustrous. Grows fast and reaches height of 15 to 20 feet. This is an improvment over Japan Ligustrum and should be used more extensively in the warmer region. Not hardy in Dallas and farther north.

Well branched.

		Eac	h Ten
4-5	ft.	1.50	13.50

Prices of larger specimens on application.

L. Macrophyllum Aurea-marginatum (Golden Variegated Big-leaf Ligustrum)—Similar to the preceding except the leaves are bright yellow with pale green blotches in the center.

Well branched.

																							Each		Ten
11/2-	2 ft.	В.	&	В.		 				 			 								 		\$ .50	\$	4.00
																							.75		
																							1.00		
	ft.																							]	13.50
4-5	ft.	В.	82	В.			٠	٠	٠	 	٠	٠	 	٠	٠	٠.	٠	٠	٠	٠	 		2.00		

L. Spicatum Macrophyllum Aurea—Similar to above, but leaves are of unmixed golden hue.

													Each
			branche										
1	3-4 ft.	well k	ranched	B. &	В.	 	 	 	 ٠.		٠.		 . 2.25

# LILAC (Syringa)

Syringa Persica (Persian Lilac)—The well-known shrub of sweetscented blooms. Usually they do not blossom in the South, unless grafted on some suitable stock.

We have found such a stock in Ligustrum Ovalifolium which seems to be very congenial, and the resultant plant gives us beautiful lavender blooms freely all through the season.

Each .....\$ .50 to \$ .75

#### LOGUAT

This is an evergreen tree known under names of "Japan Plum" or "Japanese Medlar" and enjoys a wide acquaintance. The leaves are exceptionally large, 12 in. long by 5 in. wide, and are very dark green outside. Very dawny underneath. The fragrant creamy flowers are borne in Panicles during fall or winter. Hardy as far north as Dallas or Ft. Worth. For prices see under fruit trees.

#### MAGNOLIA (Magnolia)

Magnolia Fuscata or Michelia Fuscata (Banana Shrub)—One of the most desirable evergreen shrubs for the South. From April to June. it produces numberless creamy-white blooms edged with maroon, and noted for their agreeable banana-like scent wafting in all directions.

From or	oen field,	well-branched:	Each
12-15 in. 15-18 in.	B. & B B. & B		1.50

Magnolia (Southern Magnolia)—The grandest broad-leaved evergreen of the Southern forest, famous for its large white, fragrant blooms and beautiful, broad, glossy leaves. Succeeds on rich soil.

Pri	ces	for	pl	ants	in	St	ar	nda	ır	d	F	o'	rr	n	:							Рe	r i	foot
2-4	ft.	В.	&	В.													 					 	\$	.75
4-6	ft.	В.	&	В.													 		٠	 ٠		 	. :	1.00

Prices for plants in Bush Form, 10 per cent additional.

Prices on larger specimens of 6 to 9 feet, both in Standard and Bush forms, on application.

#### MYRTLE or SWEET MYRTLE (Myrtus)

Myrtus Communis (True Myrtle)—A dwarf shrub with small, bright green leaves, as aromatis as Bay. Flowers pure white and fragrant. What we offer are well formed by constant pruning.

Rosemary Myrt!e—Similar to above, but leaves are smaller; dwarf in habit. Makes better sheared specimen plant.

Prices of these two:

Slightly	y sheared,	bushy.	
		B	\$3.00
Well f	ormed ball	shaped top.	

8.50

 12-15 in. spread B. & B.
 1.00

 15-18 in. spread B. & B.
 1.50

 18-21 in. spread B. & B.
 2.00

Prices of larger specimens on application.

#### NANDINA DOMESTICA

A beautiful shrub from Japan, with numerous upright, reed-like stems springing from same root. Leaves rich red when young, dark green at maturity, assuming coppery hue in winter. Produces clusters of red berries in autumn.

It thrives in any well drained loamy soil, and is quite hardy as far north as Dallas or even farther interior.

	Each	Ten
6-8 in, single stem B. & B	\$ .60	\$ 5.00
8-10 in single stem B. & B	75	6.00
10-12 in. single stem B. & B	1.00	9.00
12-15 in. single stem B. & B	1.25	11.00
15-18 in, single stem B. & B	1.50	13.50
18-24 in. 1 or 2 stem B. & B	2.00	17.50
2-2½ ft. 3-5 stems, B. & B. per stem		
2½-3 ft. 3-5 stems, B. & B. per stem		1.00
3-4 ft. 3-7 stems, B. & B. per stem		1.25

## OAK (Quercus)

Quercus Glauca (Blue Japanese Oak)—A tree of medium growth; very symmetrical and compact; leaves bright glossy green at maturity, silvery pink like tuft of flowers as the leaves start to grow in spring. Hardy as far north as Dallas.

& B & B.	
specimens 6 to 8 ft. quoted on application.	. 1.20

Q. Virginiana (Live Oak)—The native Live Oak of the South. We have found no better evergreen avenue or street trees than this that will thrive in almost any soil, defying the most inclement weather conditions.

Under 1½ in. caliper, 4-6 ft. B. & BPer foot	\$ .25
Under 1½ in. caliper, 6-8 ft. B. & BPer foo	t .35
1½-2 in. caliper B. & B	
2-2½ in, caliper B. & B	
3-3½ in. caliper B. & B.	
3½-4 in. caliper B. & B	15.00
4-4½ in. caliper B. & B	20.00

 $10\ \ \mathrm{per}$  cent discount will be allowed on a lot of more than  $10\ \mathrm{trees}$  of one grade.

We have Live Oaks in 4 to 12-inch caliper measure, and of great beauty as well as fine growth. These can be seen set out on the campus of Rice Institute, also at Shadyside, Cherryhurst and Broadacre additions, all of Houston, Texas. Prices on these splendid specimens will be furnished on application.

OLEANDER (Nerium)—Wel! known evergreen flowering shrub of the South, hardly requiring no description. We have them in Double Pink, Single Pink, Double Red, Single White, Creamy White and Pink-and-White Variegated.

Late	cii I cii
4-5 stems B. & B	5 \$ 6.00
5-7 stems B. & B	
7-12 stems B. & B Each \$1.75 to \$2.25—Ten \$15.00	to \$20.00
Silver Variegated Oleander-A very beautiful and novel	type of

 Oleander having variegated leaves of green and white.
 Resembles

 Croton or Draceanas.
 Each

 4 in. pot
 \$.40

 5 in. pot
 50

 From open field
 Each \$.75 to \$1.25

PHOTINIA SERRULATA (Low Photinia)—An attractive evergreen shrub, compact and upright, with large, finely-toothed, glossy green leaves which partially assume very conspicuous reddish tint in the fall.

Produ	ces	wh	ite	flo	w	er	s	e	ar	lу		in	S	p	ri	ng	ŗ.									E	acl	1
11/2-2	ft.	В.	&	В.																 						. \$	.75	5
2-3																												
3-4	ft.	В.	&	В.																 		٠.				. 1	50	)
Large	r ai	neci	me	ne	οf	Λ	4	4		an	Ã	11	n									œ1	7	5	to.	Q.	. 00	١

# PITTOSPORUM (Pittosporum)

Pittosporum Tobira—The popular variety originally brought from Japan. Leaves of lustrous green, rather oval in shape, forming a dense, globular head, which can be pruned into many different shapes. Bears pretty, if small, white flowers in clusters early in spring. Very hardy. Makes a fine broad hedge. Thrives best on high well drained land. Like Ligustrum Nepalence, this shrub is almost indispensable in southern landscape work.

	_
8-10 in. high B. & B.       \$ .50         10-12 in high B. & B.       .75         12-15 in. high B. & B.       .1.00         12-15 in spread B. & B.       .1.25         15-18 in. spread B. & B.       .1.75         1½-2 ft. spread B. & B.       .2.50         2-2½-2 ft. spread B. & B.       .3.50         2½-3 ft. spread B. & B.       .4.50         Prices of larger specimens and special prices on either rooted or balled plants for hedges in large quantities with quoted on application.	Ten 4.00 6.00 9.00 11.00 15.00 22.50 30.00 40.00 bare ill be
P. Tobira Variegata (Whitespot Tobira)—Similar to above leaves are veriegated in pale green-and-white. A strikingly tiful plant when properly placed among other darker-shaded p As a specimen, it is equally very effective.  Each	beau-
	\$ 6.00 9.00 11.00 12.50 17.50
PODOCORPUS	
Podocarpus Macrophylla (Cephalotaxus Pedunculata (?)—A that attains 50 feet in height with spreading branches h pendent branchlets. Leaves bright green and lustrous. It s shearing so well that it can be trained into sharp pointed midal tree. A grand ornamental tree for lawn.	pyra-
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ten \$6.00 9.00
P. Maki (Cephalotaxus Fastigiata)—A horticultural variet the above. Leaves darker green and shorter. Tree is uprigh slender in form. Growth symmetrical. This also makes fin- umnar form if sheared. It is not well known in the trade. Each	y of t and e col-
1-1½       ft. B. & B.       \$ .75         1½-2       ft. B. & B.       1.00         2-2½       ft. B. & B.       1.50	\$6.00
POMEGRANATE (Punica)	
Evergreen Pomegranate—Perfectly hardy variety of pomegra Well known for its beautiful red blossoms which are born thru the summer. Bears small fruits.	anate. e all Each
12-15 in. B. & B. 15-18 in. B. & B. 18-24 in. B. & B	\$ .75
RAPHIOLEPIS	
Raphiolepis Japonica—A fine evergreen shrub with stout, up branches and rather oval, dark green leaves; the plant be- covered with pinkish-white, fragrant blooms in spring fol- by purple berries in autumn. A very slow grower.	oright comes lowed
6-8 in, high B. & B. \$ .50 15-18 in, spread B. & B. 1.25 1½-2 ft, spread B. & B. 1.50 2-3 ft, spread S. & S. 2.00	Ten \$4.00
ROSEMARY (Rosmarinus Officinalis)—A low growing ever shrub, native of Southern Europe. The entire plant is aron including its pretty, pale blue flowers. Useful for extractin sential oil. Also used for culinary purposes. Well formed bushy.  10-12 in. \$.50 12-15 in	green matic, g es- and Ten \$4.00 5.00 6.00
VIBURNUM (Viburnum)  Virburnum Odoratissimum (Sangoju)—A shrub with large, leat glossy, dark green leaves, exposed portion of which turns to red in winter. Blooms are white and very fragrant, followed showy red berries. Rare and handsome shrub.  Bushy: Each	

V. Suspensum (Sandankwa Viburnum)-A viburnum of		
form, producing clusters of sweet-scented flowers of pin	kish v	white
in very early spring, followed by red berries. Hardy as	far 1	north
as Dallas, Texas. Thrives best in partially shaded loc	ation	like
the most of the plants of this family. Ultimate height	six	feet.
Height	ach	Ten

 10-12 in. B. & B.
 \$.75 \$ 6.00

 12-15 in. B. & B.
 1.00 9.00

 15-18 in. B. & B.
 1.25 11.00

 18-24 in. B. & B.
 1.75

V. Tinus (Laurustinus)—One of the handsomest broad-leaved flowering shrubs, its creamy-white, fragrant flowers adorning the plant from early spring to summer. Often cultivated as pot plant in greehouse. Before bursting into flowers, the clusters of pink buds are very pretty.

			•															Each	Ten	
10-12																				
12-15	in.	в.	&	В.						 						 		.75	6.00	)
15-18	in.	в.	&z	B.			٠,			 						 		1.25	10.00	)
18-24	in.	В.	&	В.														. 1.75		

WILD PEACH or CAROLINA CHERRY-LAUREL (Laurocerasus Caroliniensis)—A valuable native evergreen. Tall-growing, symmetrical and very bushy. Leaves of medium size, bright green, finely-toothed around the edge; flowers white and pleasantly fragrant, followed by abundance of shining, black berries. Can be used singly or in mass, either shorn to different shapes or in natural form.

																			)	Ea	ch		Te	n
1-11/2	ft.	В.	&	B.															\$	.7	75	8	6.	00
11/2-2	ft.	В.	&z	В.															-	1.0	00		9.	00
2-21/2	ft.	В.	&	В.																1.2	25		11.	00
21/2-3	ft.	В.	&	В.								 								1.8	0		13.	50
3-4																								
4-6	ft.	$\mathbf{B}$	. &	В.					 									Ρ	er	٠.	foot	t	\$ .	65
6-8	ft.	В.	&	В.	٠					 	 						 	F	eı	r	foot	t	1.	00

Prices of larger specimens on application.

YAUPON (Hex Vomitoria)—A native of Texas. Small oblong leaves much like those of boxwood. Strikingly attractive in winter when it is laden with scarlet berries. Of easy culture. Stands heat and cold equally well. Its naturally compact and dwarf slow growing habit make it an excellent hedge plant. It is almost immune to insects and plant diseases. Stands shearing so well it can be trained into various forms like boxwood.

 Bush form:
 Each
 Ten

 1½-2 ft. B. & B.
 \$.75
 \$.600

 2-2½ ft. B. & B.
 1.25
 11.00

 2½-3 ft. B. & B.
 1.75
 15.00

 Larger specimens or quantities for use as hedge quoted on appli

We have Yaupons trained in Pyramids, standards and globes langing in height 2 to 4 ft. Price on application.

# **DECIDUOUS TREES AND SHRUBS**

#### ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon)

Well known flowering shrub of medium growth, perfectly hardy. Blooms from summer to late fall. Especially recommended for border or hedge, their pretty flowers making up a colorful screen. In pink, purple, white and pink-and-white variegated, all in single and double flowers.

		Each 1en	
2-3	ft.	\$ .25 \$2.28	5
3-4	ft.		)
4-5	ft.		,

# ASH (Fraxinus)

cation.

Arizona Ash (Fraxinus Velutina)—Of clean, straight, grayish-white trunk, with bright green foliage in spring, turning darker in fall. Hardy in the Gulf Coast, staying almost evergreen. Excellent as shade and avenue trees. Standard shape:

																			Each	len	
6-8	ft.					 				 				 			 	. :	\$ .75	\$ 6.50	)
8-10	ft.					 				 				 		:	 		1,25	 11.00	)
10-12	ft									 						•	 		2.00		

# BUSH CLOVER (Lespedeza)

Purple Bushclover (Lespedeza Formosa)—A low lying shrub throwing up strong, wiry shoots each year from crown, which bears abundance of rose-purple flowers drooping in long racemes. Blooms in spring and fall.

Japanese, or White Bushclover	(L.	Formosa	Albiflora)-Simil	lar to
above, but flowers are white. Prices for the above two:				Each
Small clump				
Large clump				

CITRUS TRIFOLIATA SEEDLINGS—An excellent stock on which to grow all kinds of orange, kumquat, and other citrus fruit trees, imparting hardiness, good and early-bearing quality. Also very ... useful for hedge where impenetrable barrier is desired against animals, etc.

																																т	e	n Hı	ın	dre	ed.
1-2	ft.																															. 5	5	.50	9	\$4.5	50
2-3	ft.																																	.75		6.5	60
																																		.00			
Pri	ces	fo	r	1	aı	g	eı	r	q	u	a r	i	tу	r	u	p	01	n	8	ap	p	li	ic	at	ti	01	n,										

CHASTE TREE (Vitex Agnus-Castus)—A vigorous shrub of medium height. Produces beautiful lilac-purple flowers in spikes in spring, which remain in bloom for a long time.

	aste Tree—Same	as above	only flowers	are	white.	Prices Each
2-3 ft.						

Trees of 10 ft. or more trained in single stem tree form for avenue planting, in colors red, pink, or white. . Each \$3.00 to \$4.00 Prices of Pale Lavender and Dwarf Crimson: Each Ten 2-3 ft. . . . \$.50 \$4.50

propagators.

DEUTZIA (Pride of Rochester)—Well-known erect shrub, producing an abundance of double-petaled, rose-tinted white blooms in spring

 and early summer.
 Very effective in any garden.
 Each

 2-3 ft.
 \$ .35

 6-8 ft.
 \$1.00 to \$1.50

# DOGWOOD (Cornus)

#### ELM (Ulmus)

American Elm (Ulmus Americana)—A handsome, stately, rapid-growing tree with long and graceful branches. Useful for shade as well as avenue planting.

Corkbark Elm (U. Foliacea Suberosa)—Distinguished for an extensive growth of corky wings over greater part of its branches. Also used for shade tree. Prices for the above two:

3-5 ft. \$.15
5-10 ft. 20

FLOWERING ALMOND (Prunus Glandulosa)—A highly desirable, ornamental variety of plum, producing wealth of either double-pink or double-white flowers. We also have a type that produces single pink flowers of much beauty. The single variety produces small edible fruits. They all bloom before the leaves appear in the spring.  2-3 ft. bushy  Larger sizes in double varieties only:  3-4 ft. very bushy  1.00 9.00
FLOWERING QUINCE (Cydonia Japonica)—This is erroneously called burning bush. A handsome, low headed, bushy plant that blooms very early in the spring when all else is bare. Foliage bright glossy green.           12-15 in.         \$.50           15-18 in.         .65           1½-2 ft.         .85           2-2½ ft.         .125           2½-3 ft.         2.00
FLOWERING WILLOW or DESERTWILLOW (Chilopsis Linearis)—A tall growing shrub from Southwest Texas, much resembling willow, producing bell-shaped flowers of lilac-purple striped with yellow all summer. Succeeds well in dry climate.  3-4 ft
Winter Honeysuckle (Lonicera Fragrantissima)—A large shrub with a numerous spreading branches. Produces pinkish white flowers of exquisite scent from early in spring for a long time.  Each
2-3 ft. well-branched \$ .35 3-4 ft. well-branched .50
Tartarian Honeysuckle (L. Tartarica)—A vigorous, erect-growing shrub, producing profusely pinkish-white blooms of very sweet odor in spring followed by beautiful red berries.  Each
2-3 ft. \$ .35 3-4 ft
HYDRANGEA OTAKSA (Hydrangea Opuloides Otaksa)—An erect shrub heavily enshrouded by its huge, bright green leaves, and producing still huger, globular clusters of panicled flowers. Color of the bloom seemingly varies in different soils, but usually light bluish-purple with pink suffusion predominates. All hydrangeas thrive best in shady location and in moist loamy soil.
French varieties—We have pink and white.
Small plant, 1 to 3 stalks         £ach           Medium plant, 3 to 5 stalks         .75 to 1.00           Large plant, 6 stalks or more         1.25 to 1.75
H. Trophe—A new variety with red flowers. Field grown:  Each to 2 stalks
2 to 3 stalks
mental tree, becoming literally covered with rose-pink flowers early in spring, before leaves appear. Each 2-3 ft. \$.35 3-4 ft. 50
4-5 ft
MAGNOLIA PURPUREA or M. LILIFLORA NIGRA (Chinese Purple Magnolia)—A large shrub of compact growth with large oval bright green leaves; produces magnificent purple and white flowers in spring before the leaves appear. One of the showiest early spring flowering shrubs. Magnolias of this specie are extremely difficult to propagate and used to be imported from the nurseries of the older countries, but since importation of all nursery stock has been prohibited or greatly restricted such stock as this has become very scarce. As a result the price has become quite high. Bush with 3-5 canes
MAPLES (Acer)  Scarlet Maple (Acer Rubrum)—Very attractive for its symmetrical habit, earliness of its scarlet flowers and leaves in the spring, and the change of its bright green foliage into red and orange-yellow in the fall. Well adapted to the coast country and thrives best in low wet situation.  Each 3.4 ft. \$.50 4.5 ft. 60 5-6 ft. 75

Silver Maple (A. Dasycarpum)—A desirable, rapid growing, species, suitable for shade; foliage bright green above and silvery white beneath. Thrives well in the coast country.         Each Ten           Standard shape:         Each Ten           3-4 ft. high         *.50 \$ 4.00           4-5 ft. high         1.00 9.00           5-6 ft. high         1.50 12.50           8-10 ft. high         2.00           3 in. caliper         3.50
3½ in. caliper
3-4 ft
MOCK ORANGE—See Philadephus. MULBERRY
Teas Weeping Mulberry—An exceedingly ornamental tree of drooping habit; its long slender branches curve gracefully to the ground, forming an umbrella-shaped head.
6-8 ft. high Each 1 year head
2 year head       2.00         3 year head       3.00         Specimens with well formed heads 4 to 5 feet in diameter \$5.00 to \$7.00.
OAKS (Quercus)
Scarlet Oak (Quercus Coccinia)—A tall growing tree with gradually spreading branches bearing deeply divided leaves. Valuable as an ornamental for its brilliant coloring in the autumn. Used for avenue trees.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Pin Oak (Q. Palustris)—A rapid grower with rather short spreading branches forming a symmetrical head; foliage bright green, turning brownish-red in the fall. Very desirable for avenue planting or shade.  Each
5- 8 ft. N. B
PHILADELPHUS (Mock Orange)—A valuable, hardy shrub of grace- ful form, producing flowers pure white and fragrant, which shroud the plant with mantle of snow in summer.  Each
3-4 ft\$ .50
POMEGRANATE (Punica)
Flowering Pomegranate—A fairly tall growing, hardy and free-flowering shrub known throughout the South. Foliage lustrous green, flowers all double, blooming from spring through summer. In colors of red, white, pink and white variegated.
8-4 ft.       \$ .50         4 ft. and up       .75
POPLAR (Populus)
Lombardy Poplar (Populus Nigra Italica)—A shade or avenue tree so well known for its symmetry of spire-like form and rapid growth. Extensively planted.  Each Ten
4-6 ft.     \$ 40 8 3.50       6-8 ft.     .75 6.50       8-10 ft.     1.25 11.00       10-12 ft.     2.00 17.50       12-15 ft.     3.00 27.50
Chinese Poplar (Populus Simoni)—Tall and slender growing poplar like the preceding, but is claimed by some to be better. Does not grow as fast as the Lombardy Poplar but is somewhat broader in form.  Each Ten
5-6 ft. \$50 \$4.50 6-8 ft

POSSUMHAW HOLLY (Hex Decidua)—A small tree or shrub nativeto the South. Its wealth of orange-scarlet berries contrasts veryagreeably with the spreading light gray branches when bereft oftheir foliage in winter.Each $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.\$ .35 $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ ft.452-3 ft603-4 ft75
PURPLE-LEAF PLUM (Prunus Pissardi Speciosa)—A very ornamental type of plum tree having rich, purple foliage throughout the season, giving a striking touch of color to any landscape planting. Its small, red fruits with cherry flavor are deliciously edible.           3-4 ft.         \$.50           4-5 ft.         .75           5-6 ft.         1.00           6-10 ft. specimen         \$1.25 to 2.50
SPIREA (Spiraea)
Spirea Anthony Waterer—Remarkable for its profusion of bright rosy-crimson blossoms, borne in flat-top clusters all through summer and fall. Leaves variegated in green and red. Very bushy.  Each Ten
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
18-24 in N. B
tint thru the summer and are not variegated.  S. Reevesiana Flore-pleno—Produces early in the spring large clusters of double white flowers which almost cover the entire plant.
Spirea Billardi—An erect, free flowering shrub with brownish branches. Produces bright pink flowers in dense plume during the summer.
Spirea Vanhoutte—Also known as "Bridal Wreath."—A graceful, medium-sized plant with numerous arching branches, which become heavily loaded with clusters of delicate, single, white blossoms in spring. Prices for the above four:  Each 2-3 ft. bushy
2-3 ft. bushy \$ .35 3-4 ft. bushy .50 4-5 ft. bushy .75
Spirea Thumbergiana—A very attractive dwarf veriety, with many erect branches forming a dense bush. The leaves put on brilliant shades of orange and scarlet in autumn. Blooms during winter. Effective as low hedge or in mass. Each 15-18 in
SWEET GUM (Liquidambar)—Of upright and symmetrical growth, very showy in autumn with its maple-like leaves changing from green to mixed shade of yellow, scarlet and purple.  Per foot
5-8 ft. \$ .15 8-10 ft20 10-15 ft30
SYCAMORE (Oriental Plane Tree)
6-8 ft. \$ 15 8-10 ft \$ 20 10-12 ft. \$ 25 Prices of larger sizes on application.
TAMARIX (Salt Cedar)
Japanese Tamarix (Tamarix Plumosa)—Of medium height, with graceful feathery bright green foliage. Blooms early in April. Suitable for seaside planting.
Aestivalis, or Five-Stamen Tamarix (T. Pentandra)—A small tree with purple branches; leaves spear-headed and pale green; produces large-panicled pink flowers in abundance.
Tamarix Plumosa Glauca—Quite similar to Japanese Tamarix, but with pronouncedly paler foliage.
French Tamarix (Tamarix Gallica)—Similar to above, with light, glaucous green foliage. Produces pink flowers in summer. Each
3-4 ft.       \$ .85         4-5 ft.       .50         5-6 ft.       .75

TEXAS UMBRELLA TREE (Melia Azedarach Umbraculiformis)—A vigorous growing tree with spreading, umbrella-shaped top growth so familiar in Texas landscape.

Prices of larger specimens on application.

....\$ .10

4-6 ft. 6-8 ft.

8-10 ft.

Per foot

TULIP POPLAR (Liriodendron Tulipifera)—A rapid growing, stately tree with its pyramidal crown of lustrous green foliage, bearing large tulip-like flowers of yellow-green blotched with orange. This tree, under our observation for a number of years, has few insect enemies and diseases and is so well adapted to our section that it ought to be planted more extensively, especially as an avenue tree.  2-3 ft. \$.35 3-4 ft. \$.35 4-8 ft. Per foot \$.15 Specimens above 8 ft. Each \$1.75 to \$.50
VARNISH TREE (Sterculia Platanifolia)—A handsome shade tree of slow glowth; leaves bright green, very large, three to five-lobed like maple. Produces large panicle of yellowish-white flowers in June.  2-3 ft. \$35 3-4 ft. \$35 4-5 ft. 75 5-8 ft. Per foot 20
WEEPING WILLOW—A rapid grower, sending out long, slender, olive-green branches extending downward. Very desirable for lawn or park.  4-5 ft
WEIGELA (Diervilla)
Pink Weigela—A free-flowering, vigorous shrub, producing large and showy rose-colored flowers covering its spreading branches. White Weigela—Similar to above except that blooms are white.  18-24 in
VINES AND TRAILERS
AMPELOPSIS
Ampelopsis Henryana (Silvervein Creeper)—A handsome vine creeping 20 feet or more. Leaves bright green beautifully silver veined when growing in spring, later changing to solid green. Abundance of small berries in varied colors.
A. Tricuspidata (Japanese Creeper or Boston Ivy)—A graceful, close- climber suitable for covering walls. Bright green leaves changing to brilliant tone of orange and scarlet in autumn. Hardy but deciduous. Each
In pot
deciduous. Each
ANTIGONON LEPTOPUS (Rose de Montana or Mountain Rose)—A beautiful climber with tuberous roots. Leaves heart-shaped and bright green. Bears brilliantly rosy-pink blossoms in profusion from June till frost. Each Ten
ANTIGONON LEPTOPUS (Rose de Montana or Mountain Rose)—A beautiful climber with tuberous roots. Leaves heart-shaped and bright green. Bears brilliantly rosy-pink blossoms in profusion from June till frost.  1 year root
deciduous. Each In pot \$.35  ANTIGONON LEPTOPUS (Rose de Montana or Mountain Rose)—A beautiful climber with tuberous roots. Leaves heart-shaped and bright green. Bears brilliantly rosy-pink blossoms in profusion from June till frost. Each Ten 1 year root \$.25 \$.20.0 2 year root \$.35 3.00 3 year root \$.50  BIGNONIA  Bignonia Speciosa (Painted Trumpet)—A magnificent, hardy ever- green vine with glossy dark green leaves and great clusters of large, purplish, trumpet-shaped flowers from spring to summer. Very free bloomer. Each Small plant from field \$.35 Medium plant from field 5.50

B. Grandiflora (Campsis Chinensis)—The large flowering tree or bush type of trumpet vine. Has very large showy orange-yellow flowers in great profusion during late spring and summer.  Grafted
B. Radicans—This is useful for covering unsightly places such as stumps, rock piles, etc. The dark red trumpet-like flowers with orange throat are attractive. Very hardy.  2 year
CAMPSIDIUM (Formerly called Evergreen Bignonia Radicans)—Has small trumpet-like flowers borne in clusters on terminals of shoots all thru spring and fall adorning lustrous dark green foliage. Creeping in habit but can be trained as a bush by pruning or as hedge along a wire trellis. Must be protected in the North. From field:  1 year
BOUGAINVILLEA—A showy evergreen vine bearing large masses of strikingly beautiful flowers. A strong grower and reaches a great height.
B. Glabra Sanderiana (Japanese Paper Flower)—Very bright magenta purple flowers.
4 in. pot \$.50 5 in. pot .75 6 in. pot .1.00 8 in. pot .1.50
Prices of larger specimens on application.
B. Spectabilis (Braziliensis)—Flowers larger than the preceding and very brilliant reddish purple. A constant bloomer. Very satisfactory as a greenhouse plant as well as outdoor plant in the South.  Smlal plant, 3 in. pot,
B. Crimson Lake—Introduced through the Bureua of plant industry of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The formation of the flowers is about the same as the former, but in coloring none compare with its richness and brilliancy. On opening they are a brilliant crimson-lake lasting for 20 to 30 days, then gradually turning to a crimson-carmine. In Florida, California and Southern Texas all bougainvilleas make gorgeous outdoor climbers. Farther north they are useful as greenhouse subjects or pot plants for conservatory. For the Easter trade they can be forced to take the place of Azaleas which are now so scarce and expensive.
4 in. pot       \$.85         5 in. pot       1.25         6 in. pot       1.75         7 in. pot       .250
1 111 900
CLEMATIS PANICULATA (Sweet Autumn Clematis)—A handsome vine with beautiful foliage. Flowers are white and star-shaped, produced from midsummer to fall upon long shoots, literally scenting the air all around.  Each From field
FICUS REPENS (Climbing Fig)—A very attractive evergreen vine for covering stone, brick or wood, clinging very closely and evenly. Somewhat slow grower at the beginning, but after once getting a hold, it is as lasting as it is beautiful. Each In pot
HEDERA HELIX (English Ivy)—So well known that hardly any description is necessary. The best covering of green that can be had.
In pots\$ .25 to \$ .50
JASMINE (Jasminum)—See varieties listed under Evergreen Shrubs.

25

KADZURA VINE—A hardy evergreen climber from Japan. When young, stems and leaves are red, later changing to dark green.

Bears clusters of small fruit in winter making it very attractive. Specimen plants from open field ............Each \$ .75 to \$1.50

WISTERIA
Formosa Wisteria (Millettia Japonica)—A new variety from Formosa. Leaves glossy dark green; flowers of dark purple delicately scented borne on long raceme the blooms opening gradually from base to the tip throughout the season. Nearly ever-green. Hardy Eacl
1 year, small \$.50 1 year, medium
Chinese Wisteria—Well known variety producing clusters of bluish purple flowers, 7 to 12 inches long. Blooms before leaves appear Japanese Wisteria—Similar to above, but flower-clusters are pro nouncedly longer and somewhat looser. Color: White only.  Eacl
Medium plant         \$ .7           Large plant         1.2           Specimen plants         \$3.00 to 5.0
Japanese Pink Wisteria—A very rare type. The flowers resemble those of the above varieties in formation, but is of light pink it color and very attractive.
2 year plant\$1.76 We have a number of larger specimen plants of different varieties of Wisterias. Prices will be quoted on application.  PLUMBARGO CARPENSIS—Semi-climbing shrub. Blooms thruou season without much care. Either blue or white.  Each
Small       \$ 22         Medium       33         Large       50
PALMS
COCOS AUSTRALIS (Pindo Palm)—A very hardy and one of the most beautiful of palms, with its grayish-green pinnate leaves gracefully curving outward then downward. Bears edible fruits of agreeable acid flavor. Especially recommended for a situation where a palm of too large an ultimate growth is not desired.  Each
12-15 in. B. & B.       \$ 1.50         15-18 in. B. & B.       1.75         15-18 in. B. & B.       1.75         1½-2 ft. B. & B.       2.56         2-2½-3 ft. B. & B.       3.50         2½-3 ft. B. & B.       5.00         3-3½ ft. B. & B.       6.50         3½-4 ft. B. & B.       8.50         4-4½ ft. B. & B.       12.00
COCOS PLUMOSA (San Diego Palm)—A palm of upright and columnar growth topped with a crown of plume-like, dark green leaves. It often attains a height of 80 feet.  Each
Plant in 6-inch not         \$2.00           Plant in 7-inch pot         2.50
CYCUS REVOLUTA (Sago Palm)—A handsome palm-like plant, reaching to 2 to 3 feet in height, with dark, waxy, green leaves growing outward from a stout trunk, forming a crown-like top. Very hardy; grows well in the Gulf Coast region.
4 in. pot     \$ .50 to \$ .75 to 1.00       5 in. pot     .75 to 1.00       6 in. pot     1.00 to 1.50
LATANIA BORBONICA (Livistona Chinensis)—The Chinese Fan Palm. A fine decorative palm, rather slow in growth, therefore it is very suitable for displaying in pot or tub.
4 in. pot     \$.50       5 in. pot     .65       6 in. pot     .85
PHOENIX CANARIENSIS (Canary Island Date Palm)—One of the finest and hardiest palms for the Gulf Coast. Bright green, pinnate leaves of long and graceful form waving outward from its rather short but massive trunk is a thing of beauty rarely surpassed.
In 12 in. tub : Each 3-3½ ft. high
Plants from field:       2-3 in. caliper B. & B       \$1.50 to \$2.00         3-4 in. caliper B. & B.       2.00 to 3.00         4-5 in. caliper B. & B.       4.00         5-6 in. caliper B. & B.       5.00         6-8 in. caliper B. & B.       7.50         Prices of larger specimens on application.       7.50

- CHAMAEROPS HUMILIS (Hair Palm or European Fan Palm)—A dwarf, hardy palm of extremely slow growth. Very useful for small lawns and tub specimens or any formal position. Sizes and prices on application.
- WASHINGTONIA ROBUSTA (Mexican Washington Palm)—A hand-some, rapid-growing palm with large, fan-shaped leaves of clear green color. Trunk attains an immense height. Plants from field: 2-3 in. caliper ... 5-7 in. caliper .... 7-9 in. caliper .... .....\$1.50 . . . 6.00

Prices of sizes 10-14 in. caliper, 10-12 ft, high on application.

# ROSES

PRICE. Price of all our roses is 50c each unless otherwise marked in description. Ten per cent discount will be allowed on order for 10 or more of one variety or of each variety ordered.

STOCK. All our roses are field-grown, budded or grafted on very hardy Canea roots two or three year old, except in a few instances where certain varieties on own roots are preferable.

After spring of 1927 we may be able to furnihs to our customers roses balled and burlapped at 25c per bush extra. In this manner they may be transplanted, without severe pruning, all through the year.

# PINK ROSES AND THOSE IN WHICH PINK PREDOMINATES

- America—See Hill's America.

  Baby Orleans (or Orleans)—D. P. Clusters of bright pink flowers or flowerets well arranged.
- Captain Christy—H. P. Delicate flesh color, deeper toward center, with prominent veins in the petals.
- Climbing Columbia-Profuse bloomer from
- Cl. Mme. Abel Chatney—H. T. Carmine-rose, shaded salmon; long pointed bud ......Each \$ .60
- Columbia—H. T. Peach-blow pink, deepening as it opens. Nearly thornless, free from mildew, strong grower......Each \$.60
- - Dr. W. Van Fleet-H. W. A delicate shade of flesh pink deepening to rosy flesh in center.
  - Dorothy Perkins—A climber with clear, cherry-pink, slightly fragrant flowers of lasting quality.

  - George Arends—H. P. (Pink Frau Karl Druschki.) pink; good bud and perfect flowers. Few thorn grower. Druschki.) Clear tender Few thorns. A strong
  - ill's America—H. T. Large rose pink finely shaped flowers. Sweet scented. Almost thornless. Long stems. . . . . . Each \$ .75 Hill's
  - Jonkheer J. L. Mock—Very large, full, and fragrant; petals silvery-rose inside, carmine-pink outside. Continuous bloomer.
  - Killarney—H. T. Bright shell-pink. Long pointed buds with large flowers. Very free and perpetual flowering.
  - La Detroit-H. T. Supright and strong. Shell-pink, shading to soft rose. Large, full,
  - La France-H. T. Bright satin-pink with silver reflex. Always popular.

- os Angeles—H. T. One of the finest roses ever introduced. The growth is vigorous and produces long stemmed flowers of a bright flame-pink, shaded with yellow at the base of the petals. The buds are long and pointed...... Los Angeles-
- Maman Cochet-Large, full, coral-pink bloom flushed with carmine touched with vellow
- Ime. Caroline Testout—Large rounded, bright satiny rose with darker center and soft-carmine edges.
- Shell pink from which (Shell Pink Radiance.) Charles Rell--H. T.
- -Soft pink of beautiful form; exceedingly fragrant John Laingand remarkably free-flowering; always does well and stands very close to the top among fine Roses.
- Mrs. George Shawyer-H. T. Large, full and well formed. Brilliant rose-pink, almost solid color.
- Paul Neyron—H. P. Deep rose, immense size. Hardy and vigorous. Pink American Beauty—See George Arends.
  Pink Baby Rambler—Similar to Red Baby Rambler, but pink.
  Premier—H. T. Dark pink flowers of full size, fine form, and pleasing fragrance, borne on stiff thornless stems from a robust ..... Each \$ .60 nlant
- Queen of Bedders—(Bourbon Rose). This is more hardy than tea scented roses. Delicate pink shading to coppery yellow, flowers large and full. Little known but a fine rose.
- sdiance—H. T. Brilliant rosy opaline pink. Large, free and beautiful form with sweet fragrance. Hard to find its equal for outdoor and cut flower variety. Hardy and vigorous...Each \$ .60 Rediance-H.

# RED ROSES AND THOSE IN WHICH RED PREDOMINATES

- American Beauty—H. P. The well known red forcing rose. Baby Rambler—Known for producing large clusters of small, double, brightest crimson flowers.
- Black Prince—H. P. Deep crimson. Vigorous and free bloomer. Chas. K. Douglas—H. T. Flaming scarlet, flushed with velvety crimson. Sweetly scented. Vigorous grower......Each \$ .75
- Climbing American Beauty—C. H. W. where. Rich red passing crimson. Strong hardy grower every-
- . Cl. Baby Rambler-A climbing form of Baby Rambler.
  - l. Gruss an Teplitz—C. H. T. Flowers same as bush type.
  - Hoosier Beauty—C. H. T. Deep crimson with darker shading. Strong and vigorous. One of the best............Each \$ .75
  - Meteor-C. H. T. Velvety Maroon. Very free bloomer and a vigorous climber.
- .. Crimson Druschki See His Majesty.
  - rusader—H. T. A rich crimson, double. Strong and robust in every characteristic. A wonderfully free bloomer.....Each \$ .60 Crusader-

  - Edward Mawley—H. T. One of the finest of dark crimson roses. Received gold medal of the National Rose Society of England.
  - Etoile de France—H. T. Rich velvety crimson, large double. Does well in hot sunshine.
  - Excelsa-See Red Dorothy Perkins.
  - Francis Scott Key-H. T. A heavy double red rose. As a cut rose in summer and forcing rose in mid-winter this is unequaled.
  - Jacqueminot-An early bloomer of perfectly-formed, fragrant, brilliant scarlet-crimson flowers.

- Gruss an Teplitz—H. T. (Virginia R. Cox.) Brightest scarlet crimson. Flowers profusely. Is quite hardy even in cold sections and grows well.
- Hadley-H. T. Deep velvety crimson retaining its color in all seasons. Flowers large, full and free with most delicate fragrance.
- Helen Gould—T. H. (Balduin, Red Bride.) Bright watermelon red. Very free and vigorous.
- His Majesty—H. P. (Crimson Druschki.) Dark crimson shaded vermillion-crimson toward the edges. Sweetly scented.

- Leader—H. T. (Red Premier.) Deep cerise red. Opens to an immense flower of splendid keeping quality......Each \$ .75
- Mme. Edouard Herriot. See Daily Mail.
- Mary, Countess of Ilchester—H. T. Crimson-carmine, large size, delicate scent. A very fine rose.
- Meteor-H. T. Intense velvety crimson. Fully double. Vigorous grower.
- Milady (My Lady)—Very fine red rose with perfect perfume. Flowers large, buds pointed.
- National Emblem—Well-formed red bud opening to dark velvety crimson flower shading to vermillion toward edges... Each \$ .75
- Paul's Scarlet Climber—Cl. H. W. Vivid scarlet, shaded crimson, non-fading, semi-double flowers of medium size. Gold medal, N. R. S., and Cory cup as best climber.
- Philodelphia-A vigorous crimson rambler.
- Red Bride-See Helen Gould.
- Red Dorothy Perkins—A clear scarlet rambler similar to the Dorothy Perkins.
- Red F. K. Druschki-See His Majesty.
- Red Radiance—H. T. A glowing crimson sport of Radiance, with all the magnificent qualities of the parent............Each \$ .60
- Reine Marie Henrietta—Cl. N. A congenial companion to the Marechal Niel. A sturdy climber, everblooming. Flowers rich brilliant crimson.
- Richmond—H. T. Scarlet crimson of a most beautiful hue. Long pointed buds and fine flowers on tall erect stems. A constant bloomer.
- Seven Sisters-Colors varying from crimson to white. A rambler.
- Tausendschon-or Thousand Beauties. Similar to Roserie but deep red, varying to pure white.
- Ulrich Brunner—H. P. One of the grandest hardy roses. Buried in the spring under mass of big cherry crimson blooms. Very fragrant. Long stems. Fine for cut flowers.

# YELLOW ROSES

- Alexander Hill Gray—T. One of the best and largest pure yellow tea roses yet introduced. A solid deep yellow throughout. Gold medal.

- Cl. Ophelia—C. H. T. An exact counterpart of Ophelia except that it is a vigorous climber ................................... Each \$ .75
- Etoile de Lyon-Large, full, golden-yellow flowers with bright, center; very fragrant.
- Gardenia—Buds bright yellow, opening double flowers of cream color; incurving towards edges resembling to the shape and color of a Cape Jessamine, hence its name.
- Grande Duchesse Marie-Adelaide—H. T. (Duchess of Lexemburg.)
  Deep orange yellow rose of constant color and perfect form with
  delicate perfume. Buds long and fine. Stems long...Each \$ .60
- Hugonis—(Rosa Hugonis.)—Single yellow, "Best hardy yellow rose we know of and most popular specie in America".... Each \$ .60
- Lady Hillingdon—Buds long-pointed; blooms double ;of peculiar and pleasing deep apricot-yellow. Free bloomer.
- Mme. Jenny Gillemot—H. T. Saffron-yellow with golden shadings.
  Buds and flowers beautifully formed. Strong upright grower.
- Miss Amelia Gude—A cross between Columbia and Sunburst. Deep yellow center shading to cream. Fragrant......Each \$ .75

- Mrs. Dudley Cross—H. T. (Helen Good.) A delicate yellow suffused with pink. The color, immense size, and exquisite form, make it one of the greatest tea roses ever introduced.
- Natalie Bettner—H. T. (Yellow K. A. Victoria.) Delicate creamy yellow. Large, full and perfect form. Has the better qualities of the K. A. V.
- Ophelia—H. T. Takes high rank outdoors as well as in the greenhouse. Of attractive light salmon flesh, shading to yellow.
- Soleil D'Or—Attractive, long-pointed yellow buds followed by very large, full, orange-yellow flowers varying to ruddygold.

- Yellow Banksia—Clusters of small, double, pure-yellow flowers of delightful fragrance.

# WHITE ROSES

- Antoine Rivoire—Bud large; blooms large, camellia-shaped; color white suffused with pink, base of petals yellow, deepening into rosy flesh as flower matures. Vigorous and free-flowering.
- Bessie Brown—H. T. Large ivory white blooms with rich perfume. Climbing Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria—C. H. T. Pure white shading to primrose at base of petals. A strong grower.

- buble White Killarney—A pure white double sport from White Killarney. A great forcing rose................................... Each \$ .60
- Karl Druschki-A magnificent, pure white, perfectly double rose; a continuous bloomer through summer.
- -C. H. T. Elegantly tinged fawn, almost white and n. A fine climber......Each \$ .60 lustrous as satin.
- Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria-H. T. Creamy white flowers of immense size. Smooth and nicely ararnged.
- Silver Moon—H. W. Silvery white with a mass of bright yellow stamens. Flowers exceedingly large and fragrant. Vigorous and free.
- Snow Queen-See Frau Karl Druschki.
- The Bride—T. Pure white under glass, taking on a delicate p tinge when grown outdoors. An abundant producer. White American Beauty—See Frau K. Druschki. White Baby Rambler—Similar to Red Baby Rambler, but white. taking on a delicate pink The Bride.
- Thite Killarney—Benches of it during the winter give the appearance of a bank of snow. It is pure white in color, long in bud, of fine form. White Killarney-Each
- White Maman Cochet-A sport from Maman Cochet. Cream white
- White Onhelia-

# **BAMBOOS** DAMBUCA METAKE Anundingnia Inneria Dated Laures which are

dark green and borne on slender stems:	
Small clump	

B. AUREA—Phyllostachys Aurea. Height 10-15 feet. Easily recognized by the very short nodes at the base of the culms.

			Eacn
Small clump		 	\$ .50
Medium clum	111	,	75

- Phyllostachys Mitis—Height 25 feet or more. Often reaches 30 feet in its native home, Japan, where it is used as a timber and furniture bamboo. The internodes at the base are not short like the Each Small clump \$1.50 Medium clump . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
- B. Aurea-Variegata-Golden Bamboo. Has canes of a golden yellow penciled with green. Each Small clump
- Medium clump ....
- B. Nigra—Black Bamboo...Height 10-20 feet, stems green at first changing to black second year. Hardy and distinct. One of the most popular Bamboos. Each Small clump .....\$ .50 Medium clump .....
- B. Falcata—Arundinaria Falcata. Height 10-20 feet. St ½ in. in diameter; leaves 1-3 in. wide, 4 to 6 in. long. Stems about
- Each Small clump
- -A Falconeri. B. Gracilis-Gracilis—A Falconeri. Height 10-15 feet; stems slender; leaves very small, about 1/2 in. wide, 3 to 4 in. long.
  - Each Small clump .....\$ .50 Medium clump

The first four of these are single cane bamboos and a small clump consists of 2 to 3 canes, a medium clump, 4 to 5 canes. The others are bunch bamboos and a small clump contains 4 to 6 canes, a medium clump, 8 to 10 canes.

# GRASSES

GRASSES
Arundo Donax Variegata (Variegated Giant Reed)—Beautifully variegated with white and green while growth is new, but turns solid green in summer. The very large plumes are white. Clump
Lemon Grass (Cymbopogon Citralis)—Emits an agreeable odor. The U.S. Department of Agriculture recommends it for comercial planting as a source of lemon extract.
Striped Eulalia (Miscanthus Japonicus Variegata)—Ornamental grass with fine variegated blades. Grows about 4 feet high.
Striped Dwarf Eulalia—Similar to above but very dwarf and the variegation is clearer and more beautiful. Fine for window boxes etc. Grows about 2 feet high.
Zebra Grass (Eulalia Zebrina)—The variegations run crosswise instead of lengthwise. Very odd. Either of the four above: Each Small clump
Silver Pampas Grass (Cortaderia Sellowana)—A fine ornamental grass with silvery white plumes which may be dried and used in vases or for wall decoration.
Pink Pampas Grass (Cortaderia Roi des Rosea)—Similar to the above but plumes are bright pink when they first appear, then gradually fade to silvery white. Very distinct and rare.
Lavender Pampas Grass—Same as above except that its plumes have a distinct purplish tint. It is still rare.  Price of the above two:  Small clump 4-5 in. diameter \$ .75  Medium clump 6-8 in. diameter 1.00
GREENHOUSE AND BEDDING PLANTS,
PERENNIALS, ETC.
Acalpha—A plant from the warmer regions which does well outdoors during summer and fall. Stands the sun quite well. Desirable for vases, window boxes, or garden decoration. We have three varieties.  In 5 in. to 8 in. pots
Achyranthus—In colors: red, yellow, variegated. Outdoor bedding or border plants during summer. They stand shearing well. Need sunshine.
Each
urns, etc. Each
Green variety, 1 ft. to 2½ ft
Alternanthera—Sometimes called Rainbow Plant. Useful for rib- bon beds and edgings. Tender in winter.  Per 100 Per 10000
Well established plants\$5.00 \$35.00
Asparagus Plumosa—The foliage is extensively used with cut flowers on account of its fine filmy fern like leaves. Fine as a pot plant.  3 in. to 5 in. pots

 Asparagus
 Sprengeri—This also is a plendid pot or hanging basket plant. Easy of culture.
 Each

 3 in. to 8 in. pots
 \$.20 to \$1.00

 8 in. to 10 in. buckets
 1.00 to 1.50

Aspidistra-Lurida—Shield Plant. A very useful year around house plant because of its large, stiff, shiny leaves that stand dry air remarkably well. It also grows well in a shady outdoor situation. In pots 6 in. to 8 in. having 6 to 15 leaves each.

Price per leaf ......\$ .15 to \$ .20

Begonias-Varieties as follows:

Argentea Guttata, purple bronse leaves with silvery markings. Caroline Lucerne, a strong grower of upright habit. The clusters of beautiful coral red flowers almost hide the plant.

Beefsteak, leaves thick and large, bronze in color. Flower shoots very long and upright.
Rosea Picta—Flowers are rosy flesh color. Long pointed leaves spotted with silvery white.
Thurstonii—Bright red foliage with veining underneath the leaves.  The flowers are beautiful deep pink in bud, beautiful shell pink when open.
Prices of these five: Each 3 in. pot
4 in. pot\$ .30 to .40 5 in. pot 50 to .75
6 in. pot
Melior, a new wonderful flowering sort. Best Begonia ever introduced.
## Each ### 4 in. pot ##
CALADIUM—Fancy leaves, mixed colors. Each
3 in. pot
5 in. pot
COLEUS—Asorted kinds. Each\$ .10
CROWN OF THORNS—Euphorbia Splendens. Each\$ .35 to \$ .75
FERNS-Varieties: Boston, Whitmanii, Rosevelt, Teddy Jr., Verona,
Elegantissima, Baby Breath, Dwarf Boston, Maidenhair, and Table ferns in several sorts.
3 in. pot
5 in. pot
7 in. pot
9 in, pot
12 in. pot 7.00 to 10.00
FICUS-(India-rubber Plant)
Ficus Altissima—Broad shield shaped leaves. Veins very pronounced.
F. Elastica—Closely related to the above. Veins not so pronounced.  Leaves thick and shiny. Fine decorative house plant. Prices of these two (all in pots):  Each
10 to 12 in. high
10 to 12 in. high 1.00 12 to 15 in. high 1.00 15 to 18 in. high 1.25 1½ to 2 ft. high 1.50 2 to 2½ ft. high 1.75
2 to 2½ ft. high
Prices of larger sizes on application.
F. Benjamina—Leaves thin, shiny, 2 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, sharply pointed.
F. Nitida (F. Retusa)—This and the Ficus Benjamina listed above belong to the rubber plant family and are fine decorative plants which resist dry atmosphere. Leaves 2 to 4 inches long, roundish in shape, shiny, and moderately thick.
ish in shape, shiny, and moderately thick. Prices of these two (all from pots):  8 to 10 in. high
10 to 12 in. high
GERANIUMS—Assorted kinds
GROUND IVY (Nepeta Glechoma)—Useful for covering ground under trees or any shaded situation
HEMEROCALLIS (Day Lily)—Double or Single Each \$1. 10 Doz. \$1.00 IRIS—German Flag, Japan Purple, Spanish, etc
Each\$ .10 Doz. \$1.00

.. NIGHT BLOOMING JASMINE-(Cestrum Parqui)

DAY BLOOMING JA	ASMINE—(Cestrum	Diurnus)—Price	of either
4 in. pot			Each
LANTANA—Assorted Each			

MONTBRETIA—Flowers orange red ......Each \$ .10 Doz. \$1.00

OPHIOPOGON (Dragon's Beard)—A splendid border plant. Grows 5 to 8 inches high. Dark green foliage. Very hardy in any position. Used along cement walks, borders of flower beds, etc.

Per hundred ............\$7.00 Per thousand \$50.00

Vinca MINOR (Periwinkle or Creeping Myrtle)—A well known hardy trailing plant. Fine for covering shady grounds, basket work, window boxes, etc.

Each
Variegated sort ...\$15 to \$.50
Green sort ...\$10 to .35

WANDERING JEW (Tradescantia)—We have three varieties.
Each ......\$ .10 Doz. \$1.00













All visitors are cordially invited to inspect our nursery. We especially urge lovers of rare and beautiful trees to visit us. We are always glad to show visitors around our nursery and to answer inquiries about the trees. Our nursery is on a shelled road about 400 yards from the Houston-Galveston highway, and opposite the Ellington Aviation Field. The interurban station, Aviation, is at the corner of our nursery grounds. Long distance telephone connections at Houston. Postoffice, telegraph office, and shipping point, Genoa, Texas.